Monday
$07 / 31 / 2023$

Standards
7.EE.B. 3 Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies. For example: If a woman making $\$ 25$ an hour gets a $10 \%$ raise, she will make an additional $1 / 10$ of her salary an hour, or $\$ 2.50$, for a new salary of $\$ 27.50$. If you want to place a towel bar 9 3/4 inches long in the center of a door that is $271 / 2$ inches wide, you will need to place the bar about 9 inches from each edge; this estimate can be used as a check on the exact computation.

## TSW apply rules of

 multiplication and division to integers.Opening Activity

## Tuesday <br> 08/01/2023

7th Grade Math 7:50am -
8:40am

## Standards

7.EE.B. 3 Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies. For example: If a woman making $\$ 25$ an hour gets a $10 \%$ raise, she will make an additional $1 / 10$ of her salary an hour, or $\$ 2.50$, for a new salary of $\$ 27.50$. If you want to place a towel bar 9 3/4 inches long in the center of a door that is $271 / 2$ inches wide, you will need to place the bar about 9 inches from each edge; this estimate can be used as a check on the exact computation.

TSW apply rules of multiplication and division to rational numbers.
Opening Activity

Wednesday
08/02/2023

## Standards

7.EE.B. 3 Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies. For example: If a woman making $\$ 25$ an hour gets a $10 \%$ raise, she will make an additional $1 / 10$ of her salary an hour, or $\$ 2.50$, for a new salary of $\$ 27.50$. If you want to place a towel bar 9 3/4 inches long in the center of a door that is $271 / 2$ inches wide, you will need to place the bar about 9 inches from each edge; this estimate can be used as a check on the exact computation.

## TSW apply rules of

 multiplication and division to rational numbers.
## Opening Activity

Thursday
$08 / 03 / 2023$

Friday<br>08/04/2023

## Standards

7.EE.B. 3 Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies. For example: If a woman making $\$ 25$ an hour gets a $10 \%$ raise, she will make an additional $1 / 10$ of her salary an hour, or $\$ 2.50$, for a new salary of $\$ 27.50$. If you want to place a towel bar 9 3/4 inches long in the center of a door that is $271 / 2$ inches wide, you will need to place the bar about 9 inches from each edge; this estimate can be used as a check on the exact computation.

TSW apply rules of multiplication and division to rational numbers.
Opening Activity


## Standards

7.EE.B. 3 Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies. For example: If a woman making $\$ 25$ an hour gets a $10 \%$ raise, she will make an additional $1 / 10$ of her salary an hour, or $\$ 2.50$, for a new salary of $\$ 27.50$. If you want to place a towel bar 9 3/4 inches long in the center of a door that is $271 / 2$ inches wide, you will need to place the bar about 9 inches from each edge; this estimate can be used as a check on the exact computation.

## TSW apply rules of

 multiplication and division to rational numbers.Opening Activity
"Manic Monday" Bellwork (5 $\min$ )

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes on multiplying and dividing integers. ( 30 min )

## Homework / Closure

TSW complete practice problems.

## 8th Grade Math 9:00am <br> 9:50am

## Standards

8.EE.A. 2 Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{2}=p$ and $x^{3}=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is irrational.
8.EE.C.7a Give examples of linear equations in one variable with one solution, infinitely many solutions, or no solutions. Show which of these possibilities is the case by successively transforming the given equation into simpler forms, until an equivalent equation of the form $x=a, a=a$, or $a=b$ results (where $a$ and $b$ are different numbers).
"Two Truths Tuesday" CheckIn Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes on multiplying and dividing rational numbers. ( 30 min )

## Homework / Closure

TSW complete practice problems.

## 8th Grade Math 9:00am

## 9:50am

Standards
8.EE.A. 3 Use numbers expressed in the form of a single digit times an integer power of 10 to estimate very large or very small quantities, and to express how many times as much one is than the other. For example, estimate the population of the United States as $3 \times 10^{8}$ and the population of the world as $7 \times 10^{9}$, and determine that the world population is more than 20 times larger.
8.EE.A. 2 Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{2}=p$ and $x^{3}=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is irrational.
"Would Ya Wednesday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes and practice on mixed review of operations with rational numbers. ( 30 min )

## Homework / Closure

TSW complete practice problems.

## 8th Grade Math 9:00am <br> <br> 9:50am

 <br> <br> 9:50am}
## Standards

8.EE.A. 1 Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical expressions. For example, $3^{2}$ $x 3^{-5}=3^{-3}=1 / 3^{3}=1 / 27$.
8.EE.A. 2 Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{2}=p$ and $x^{3}=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is irrational.
8.EE.A. 3 Use numbers expressed in the form of a single digit times an integer power of 10 to estimate very large or very small quantities, and to express how many times as much one is than
"Throwback Thursday" $\quad$ "Funny Friday" Check-In Check-In Form (5 min) Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW play Blooket to practice operations with rational numbers. ( 30 min )

## Homework / Closure

TSW study for Quiz 1-1

## 8th Grade Math 9:00am <br> \section*{9:50am}

## Standards

8.EE.A. 4 Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems where both decimal and scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for measurements of very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.
8.EE.A. 2 Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{2}=p$ and $x^{3}=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is irrational.

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete WMPT 1.2 on operations with rational numbers and review. ( 30 min ) Students will review highly missed skills.

## 8th Grade Math 9:00am <br> <br> 9:50am

 <br> <br> 9:50am}
## Standards

8.EE.A. 4 Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems where both decimal and scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for measurements of very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.
8.EE.A. 1 Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical expressions. For example, $3^{2}$ $\times 3^{-5}=3^{-3}=1 / 3^{3}=1 / 27$.
8.EE.A. 2 Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{2}=p$ and $x^{3}=p$, where $p$ is a
8.EE.C. 7 Solve linear equations in one variable.

## TSW solve rules of

 exponents and roots and practice applications
## Opening Activity

Throwback Thursday
Bellwork (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW solve for cubes and roots to simplify rational and irrational numbers.

## Standards

A.REI. 9 Find the inverse of a matrix if it exists and use it to solve systems of linear equations (using technology for matrices of dimension $3 x$ 3 or greater).

TSW use given information to construct and solve a matrix.

## Opening Activity

"Manic Monday" Bellwork (5 $\min$ )

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes on using key words to set up and solve expressions.

## Homework / Closure

TSW complete independent practice.
10th Grade Alg2/Geo
11:35am - 12:25pm
8.EE.A. 1 Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical expressions. For example, $3^{2}$ $x 3^{-5}=3^{-3}=1 / 3^{3}=1 / 27$.
8.EE.A. 4 Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems where both decimal and scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for measurements of very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.

TSW apply rules of exponents to Scientific Notation.

## Opening Activity

Two Truths Tuesday Bellwork (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW solve negative and zero exponents to simplify rational and irrational numbers.

## Standards

A.REI. 9 Find the inverse of a matrix if it exists and use it to solve systems of linear
the other. For example, estimate the population of the United States as $3 \times 10^{8}$ and the population of the world as $7 \times 10^{9}$, and determine that the world population is more than 20 times larger.
8.EE.A. 4 Perform operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation, including problems where both decimal and scientific notation are used. Use scientific notation and choose units of appropriate size for measurements of very large or very small quantities (e.g., use millimeters per year for seafloor spreading). Interpret scientific notation that has been generated by technology.

## TSW apply rules of

 exponents to Scientific Notation.
## Opening Activity

Would Ya Wednesday (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete a card sort of rational and irrational numbers with exponents and roots.

## Standards

8.EE.A. 1 Know and apply the properties of integer exponents to generate equivalent numerical
expressions. For example, $3^{2}$ $x 3^{-5}=3^{-3}=1 / 3^{3}=1 / 27$.
8.EE.A. 3 Use numbers expressed in the form of a single digit times an integer power of 10 to estimate very large or very small quantities, and to express how many times as much one is than the other. For example, estimate the population of the United States as $3 \times 10^{8}$ and the population of the world as $7 \times 10^{9}$, and determine that the world population is more than 20 times larger.

TSW apply rules of exponents to Scientific Notation.

## Opening Activity

Would Ya Wednesday (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes on scientific notation.
9th Grade Algebra 1 10:15am

## Standards

A.REI. 9 Find the inverse of a matrix if it exists and use it to solve systems of linear equations (using technology
positive rational number. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. Know that $\sqrt{ } 2$ is irrational.
8.EE.A. 3 Use numbers expressed in the form of a single digit times an integer power of 10 to estimate very large or very small quantities, and to express how many times as much one is than the other. For example, estimate the population of the United States as $3 \times 10^{8}$ and the population of the world as $7 \times 10^{9}$, and determine that the world population is more than 20 times larger.

TSW apply rules of exponents to Scientific Notation.

## Opening Activity

"Funny Friday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete WMPT 1.2 on operations with rational numbers and review. (30 min) Students will review highly missed skills.

## Standards

A.REI. 2 Solve simple
rational and radical equations

## Standards

G.SRT.B. 5 Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.
G.CO.C. 10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to $180^{\circ}$; base angles of isosceles triangles are congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half the length; the medians of a triangle meet at a point.
G.CO.C. 9 Prove theorems about lines and angles.
Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel lines, alternate interior angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent; points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly those equidistant from the segment's endpoints.

## TSW develop an

 understanding of angles and apply the knowledge to solve equations of missing angle measures.
## Opening Activity

"Manic Monday" Bellwork (5 min)
equations (using technology for matrices of dimension $3 x$ 3 or greater).

TSW use given information to construct and solve a matrix.

## Opening Activity

"Two Truths Tuesday" CheckIn Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete a Google Slide to review solving Equations.

10th Grade Alg2/Geo

## Standards

G.SRT.B. 5 Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.
G.CO.C. 10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to $180^{\circ}$; base angles of isosceles triangles are congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half the length; the medians of a triangle meet at a point.
G.CO.C. 9 Prove theorems about lines and angles. Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel
A.REI. 9 Find the inverse of a matrix if it exists and use it to solve systems of linear equations (using technology for matrices of dimension $3 x$ 3 or greater).

TSW translate expressions from word problems.

## Opening Activity

"Would Ya Wednesday"
Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete a Google Slide to review solving Inequalities.

## 10th Grade Alg2/Geo 11:35am -12:25pm

## Standards

G.CO.C. 9 Prove theorems about lines and angles. Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel lines, alternate interior angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent; points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly those equidistant from the segment's endpoints.
G.CO.C. 10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to $180^{\circ}$; base angles of isosceles triangles are
for matrices of dimension $3 x$ 3 or greater).

TSW use word problems to set up inequalities.
Opening Activity
"Throwback Thursday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete a Pixel Art on Equations with Variables on both sides.

## Oth Grade Alg2/Geo

## Standards

G.CO.C. 9 Prove theorems about lines and angles. Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel lines, alternate interior angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent; points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly those equidistant from the segment's endpoints.
G.CO.C. 10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to $180^{\circ}$; base angles of isosceles triangles are congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half the length;
in one variable, and give examples showing how extraneous solutions may arise.

## A.CED. 4 Rearrange

formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations. For example, rearrange Ohm's law $V=I R$ to highlight resistance R .

TSW set up and solve equations and inequalities

## Opening Activity

"Funny Friday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete WMPT 1.2 on operations with rational numbers and review. ( 30 min ) Students will review highly missed skills.

10th Grade Alg2/Geo
$11: 35 \mathrm{~cm}-12: 25 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Standards

G.CO.C. 9 Prove theorems about lines and angles. Theorems include: vertical angles are congruent; when a transversal crosses parallel lines, alternate interior angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent; points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete notes and practice identifying angle relationships.
lines, alternate interior angles are congruent and corresponding angles are congruent; points on a perpendicular bisector of a line segment are exactly those equidistant from the segment's endpoints.

## TSW develop an

understanding of angles and apply the knowledge to solve equations of missing angle measures.

## Opening Activity

"Two Truths Tuesday" CheckIn Form ( 5 min )

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW identify the Angle Addition Postulate and solve for angle measures.
congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half the length; the medians of a triangle meet at a point.
G.SRT.B. 5 Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.

## TSW develop an

 understanding of angles and apply the knowledge to solve equations of missing angle measures.
## Opening Activity

"Would Ya Wednesday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW apply angle
relationships and AAP to use equations to solve missing angle measures.
the medians of a triangle meet at a point.

## G.SRT.B. 5 Use congruence

and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.

## TSW develop an

 understanding of angles and apply the knowledge to solve equations of missing angle measures.
## Opening Activity

"Throwback Thursday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW work independently to practice solving angle relationships.
those equidistant from the segment's endpoints.
G.CO.C. 10 Prove theorems about triangles. Theorems include: measures of interior angles of a triangle sum to $180^{\circ}$; base angles of isosceles triangles are congruent; the segment joining midpoints of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and half the length; the medians of a triangle meet at a point.
G.SRT.B. 5 Use congruence and similarity criteria for triangles to solve problems and to prove relationships in geometric figures.

TSW develop an understanding of angles and apply the knowledge to solve equations of missing angle measures.

## Opening Activity

"Funny Friday" Check-In Form (5 min)

## Lesson / Instruction

TSW complete WMPT 1.2 on operations with rational numbers and review. ( 30 min ) Students will review highly missed skills.

